# HIV-related stigma among women living with HIV

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Stigma and Discrimination

HIV-related stigma and gender

Stigmas harmful effect

Reducing stigma

### Stigma

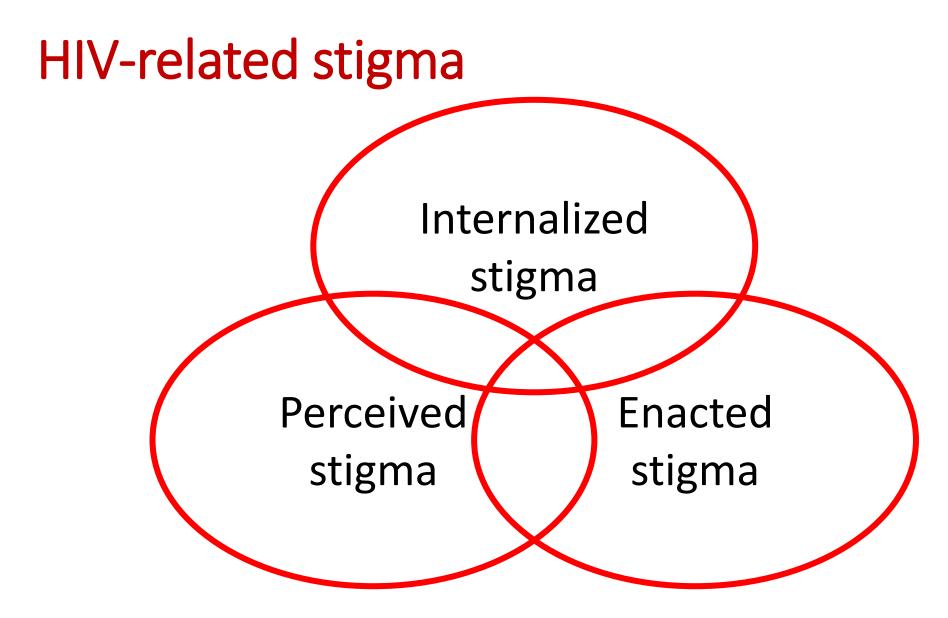
"[Stigma is] an attribute that links a person to an undesirable stereotype, leading other people to reduce the bearer from a whole and usual person to a tainted, discounted one"



#### Descrimination

"when, in the absence of objective justification, a distinction is made against a person that results in that person being treated unfairly on the basis of belonging or being perceived to belong to a particular group"



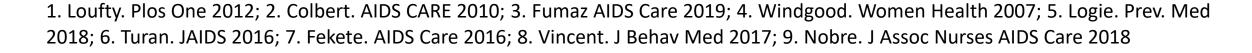


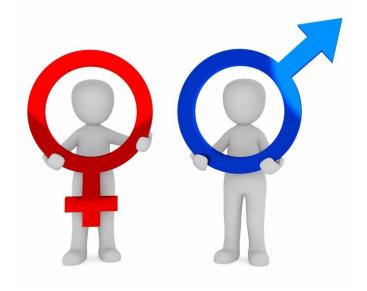
Earnshaw & Chadudoir. AIDS Behav 2009

#### HIV-related stigma and gender

Overall, women tend experience more HIV-related stigma compared to men<sup>1,2,3</sup>

Women tend to experience more negative effects of HIV-related stigma, including Symptoms of depression<sup>4</sup> Lower levels of perceived social support<sup>5</sup> Lower rates of medical adherence<sup>6</sup> HIV disclosure concerns<sup>7</sup> Negative influence of HRQoL<sup>8,9</sup>





## **THE FOURTH 90**

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \* ........................ 90% diagnosed \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* ........... ............ \* \* ------................. \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* .......





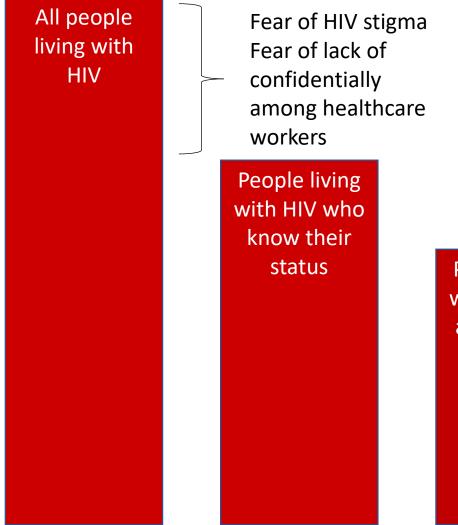


All people living with HIV

> People living with HIV who know their status

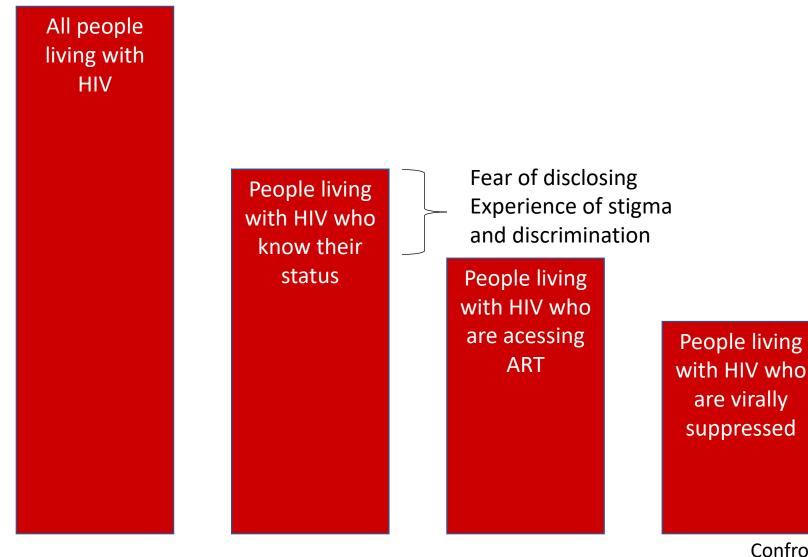
People living with HIV who are acessing ART

People living with HIV who are virally suppressed

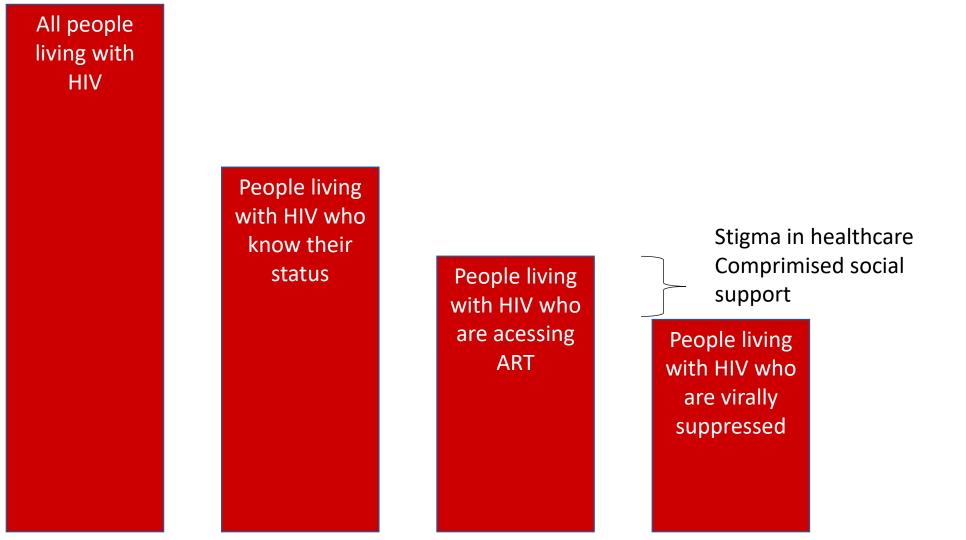


People living with HIV who are acessing ART

People living with HIV who are virally suppressed



with HIV who are virally suppressed



All people

living with

HIV

People living with HIV who know their status

People living with HIV who are acessing ART

People living with HIV who are virally suppressed Societal fear of HIV

Negative attitudes toward key populations

Denial of health care services to PLHIV and marginalized groups

Lack of family and community support

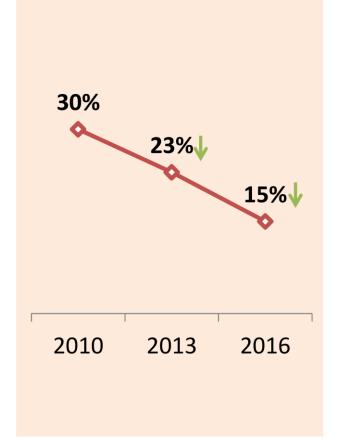
#### **Disclosure in Health Care**

In a 2016 study among 1000 WLWH in Ukraine:

- Almost half of WLWH (49%) "do not know" or "do not believe" that health care providers do not disclose their HIV status or any other details without their consent
- 32% do not know their rights and do not know where to complain in case of rights violations
- 19% believe that as a WLWH they will not receive legal protection

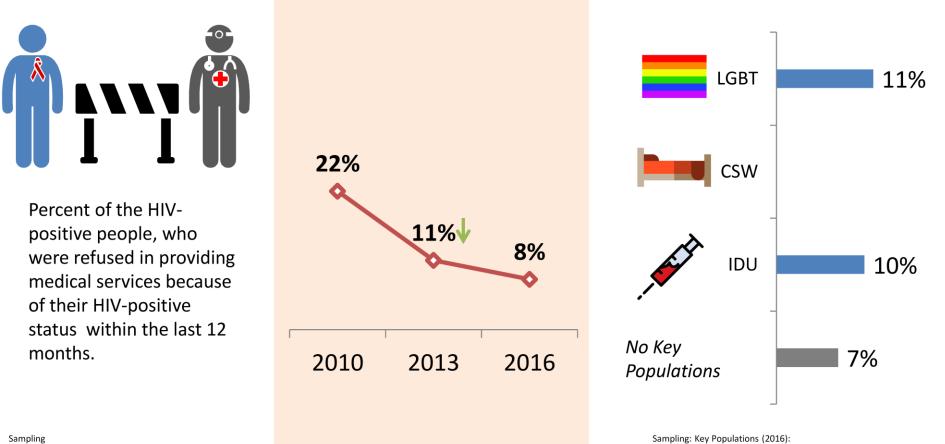


respondents who reported that healthcare workers disclosed their HIV-status without their consent.



Sampling 2010: 1500, 2013: 1500, 2016: 1500

#### Discrimination in healthcare settings



2010: 1500. 2013: 1500. 2016: 1500

LGBT: 55. CSW: 14. IDU: 714. No KPs: 696

PLHIV Stigma Index Study Ukraine

#### Violence against women

More one in three (35%) WLWH in Ukraine have experienced violence from their partner or spouse

More that half (51%) had no support whatsoever after the experience





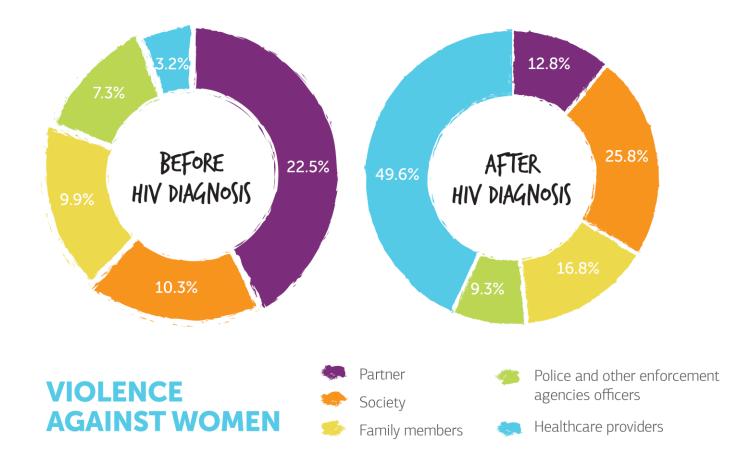


**EMOTIONAL &** PSYCHOLOGICAL VIOLENCE



SOCIOECONOMIC VIOLENCE

#### Violence in healthcare



n=1000 WLWH

Human Rights of WLWH in Ukraine 2016

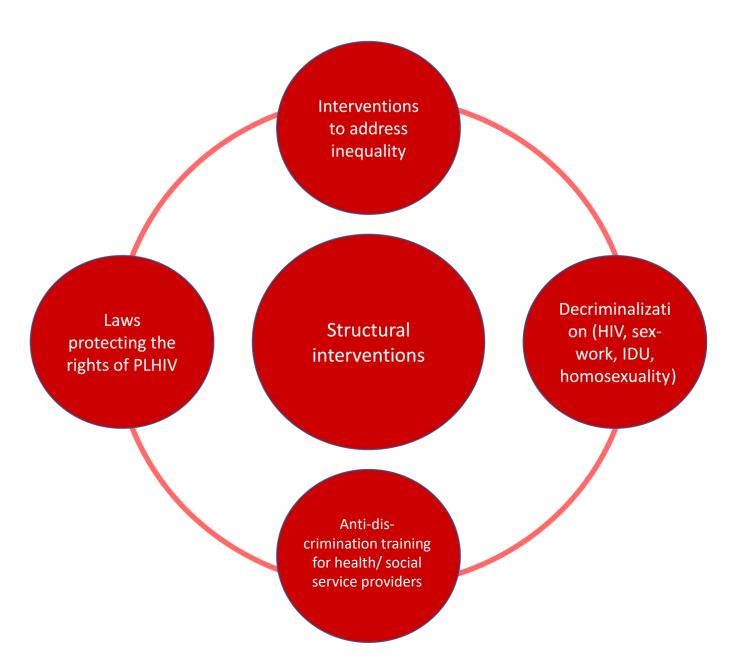
#### **Reduction of HIV-related stigma**

Multi-level interventions are needed.

HIV-stigma should be addressed at all levels i.e. legal and policy, institutional, community and at the individual level

NAIDS 2014 | GUIDANCE NOTE **Reduction of HIV-related** stigma and discrimination

## Structural level interventions



Mahajan AIDS 2008; Sengupta AIDS Behav 2011; Loufty PLOS One 2012; Andersson Lancet HIV 2020

#### Individual and community interventions

Counseling

Support groups for PLHIV

Information and education for non-PLHIV

Mass media campaigns

Skill building for family and friends to improve care for PLHIV





SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

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Gender Equality And HIV/AIDS Comprehensive Web Portal for Gender Equality Dimensions of the HIV/AIDS Epidemic

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Posted on March 2, 2020

#### Zero Discrimination: Three stories of women living with HIV in Ukraine



#### Women's Stories>



Living with HIV and Violence: Women of Ukraine Speak Out and Build Solidarity

In Ukraine, 35 per cent of women living with HV have experienced violence since the age of 15. Many women cannot definitively say that they have experienced violence, because they have suffered and withrassed genetic-based violence through generations and it has been normalized. For women living with HV, lack of awareness, shehters and support services pose additional challenges. Peer support groups and the National Women's Forum on HV. Supported by UV Women's bringing awareness, action and new beginnings for women survivors of violence living with HV.

Hanna Lilina found out about her HIV status during a pre-natal checkup. The 30-year-old was pregnant again, and had just left her abusive partner and filed the conflict in eastern Ukraine, with her oneyear-old daughter.

In Ukraine, 35 per cent of women living with HW have experienced violence since the age of 15 (compared to 19 per cent of women who are not living with HW), according to a 2016 study conducted by a local organization named "Positive Women", with the support of UN Women. Like Lillia, almost a quarter of the 1.000 women surveyed could not definitively say whether they have experienced violence in their lives, although the experiences they shared were decidedly.

" did not know how to identify violence. Having experienced it since childhood, I didn't even think to fight it."

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#### UKRAINIAN WOMEN LEARN TO COPE WITH HIV STATUS

#### Support groups help to counter stigma

"Self-support and empowerment groups are the most effective contributors to psychological acceptance of one's status and help people living with HIV to feel better about themselves."

August 2016—Vira Varyga, an HIV activist in Ukraine, is also a trainer and facilitator at Kylanka<sup>+</sup>, a self-support and empowerment group for HIVpositive women. She is also HIV-positive, and the associated feelings of stigma and discrimination are familiar to her.

Once secretive about her health issues, she now she uses her experience to empower others. Few things are more rewarding to Varyga than her clients sharing news about positive changes in their lives.



Vira Varyga, a trainer and facilitator at Kyianka+, counsels HIV-positive women. Courtesy of USAID RESPECT project

## "Not everything that is faced can be changed, but nothing can be changed until it is faced"

James Baldwin

#### **THANK YOU FOR THE ATTENTION**

